

NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY
PROJECT NAME _____
JOB # _____

FOR: _____
ISSUED: 03/29/2017

SECTION 22 3300 - ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC WATER HEATERS

PART 1 -

NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY
PROJECT NAME _____
JOB # _____

FOR: _____
IS

NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY
PROJECT NAME _____
JOB # _____

FOR: _____
ISSUED: 03/29/2017

4. Factory-Installed Storage-Tank Appurtenances:

- a. Anode Rod: Replaceable magnesium.
- b. Drain Valve: Corrosion-resistant metal complying with ASSE 1005.
- c. Insulation: Comply with ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
- d. Jacket: Steel with enameled finish.
- e. Heating Elements: Electric, screw-in or bolt-on immersion type arranged in multiples of three.
- f. Temperature Control: Adjustable thermostat.
- g. Safety Controls: High-temperature-limit and low-water cutoff devices or systems.
- h. Relief Valves: ASM25.4(DO(14(es)-n)-12.2(7.4(dabl)3.1(m)-24.4(os)-812.3(h))TJ.00uTJ -0.-4.2(a(t)-.00uTJ -0.--

M4a1(e3-20.4(e)]m9DC

- b. A. O. Smith.
 - c. State Industries.
 - d. Taco, Inc.
2. Description: Steel pressure-rated tank constructed with welded joints and factory-installed butyl-rubber diaphragm. Include air precharge to minimum system-operating pressure at tank.
3. Construction:
- a. Tappings: Factory-fabricated steel, welded to tank before testing and labeling. Include ASME B1.20.1 pipe thread.
 - b. Interior Finish: Comply with NSF 61 barrier materials for potable-water tank linings, including extending finish into and through tank fittings and outlets.
 - c. Air-Charging Valve: Factory installed.
4. Capacity and Characteristics: as indicated on the drawings.
- B. Drain Pans: Corrosion-resistant metal with raised edge. Comply with ANSI/CSA LC 3. Include dimensions not less than base of domestic-water heater, and include drain outlet not less than NPS 3/4 with ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads or with ASME B1.20.7 garden-hose threads.
- C. Piping-Type Heat Traps: Field-fabricated piping arrangement according to ASHRAE 90.2.
- D. Heat-Trap Fittings: ASHRAE 90.2.
- E. Combination Temperature-and-Pressure Relief Valves: ASME rated and stamped. Include relieving capacity at least as great as heat input, and include pressure setting less than domestic-water heater working-pressure rating. Select relief valves with sensing element that extends into storage tank.
- F. Pressure Relief Valves: ASME rated and stamped. Include pressure setting less than domestic-water heater working-pressure rating.
- G. Vacuum Relief Valves: ANSI Z21.22/CSA 4.4.
- H. Domestic-Water Heater Mounting Brackets: Manufacturer's factory-fabricated steel bracket for wall mounting, capable of supporting domestic water heater and water when indicated on the drawings.
- 2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL
- A. Factory Tests: Test and inspect domestic-water heaters specified to be ASME-code construction, according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
 - B. Hydrostatically test domestic water heaters to minimum of one and one-half times pressure rating before shipment.
 - C.

- G. Install piping-type heat traps on inlet and outlet piping of electric, domestic-water heater storage tanks without integral or fitting-type heat traps.
- H. Fill electric, domestic water heaters with water.
- I. Charge domestic water compression tanks with air.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements for piping specified in Division 22 Section "Domestic Water Piping." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Where installing piping adjacent to electric, domestic-water heaters, allow space for service and maintenance of water heaters. Arrange piping for easy removal of domestic water heaters.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Division 22 Section "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
 - 2. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
 - 3. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper operation.
 - 4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- B. Electric, domestic-water heaters will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections. Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Quality Requirements" for retesting and reinspecting requirements and Division 01 Section "Execution" for requirements for correcting the Work.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 22 3300